Rapidly decreasing Prolactin result

HOSP #		WARD	Endocrinology Clinic
CONSULTANT	John Stanfliet	DOB/AGE	36 y Female

Abnormal Result

A low prolactin result was obtained in a patient in whom a macroadenoma was suspected:

Prolactin: 1.3 mIU/L

Presenting Complaint

The patient presented with headache and decreased visual acuity (more specifically peripherally).

History

There were bilateral galactorrhoea, amenorrhoea, and as noted above, headache and visual disturbances.

The patient had received Cabergoline (a dopamine receptor agonist on D2 receptors) for the past 4 months.

Examination

As above

Laboratory Investigations

Date	Prolactin (mIU/L)
02/2019	106 (Recovery of 80% following PEG precipitation)

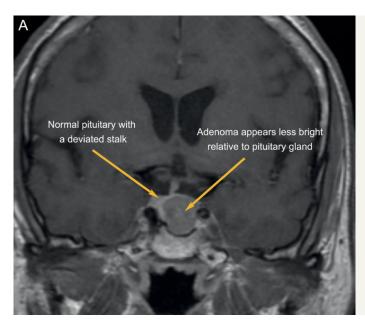
05/2019	135
06/2019	85
08/2019	1.3 (1.59 with a 1:10 dilution; 3.94 with a 1:50 dilution)

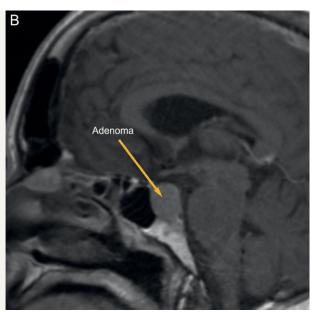
Prolactin Results

Other Investigations

MRI Head was booked for the following week. Interestingly, even in prolactin secreting tumours, the correlation between tumour size and prolactin level is limited. MRI head remains a vital investigation.

Final Diagnosis





Pituitary Macroadenoma

Take Home Message

During pregnancy the concentration of prolactin rises under the influence of elevated estrogen and progesterone production. The stimulating action of prolactin on the mammary gland leads post partum to lactation. Hyperprolactinemia (in men and women) is the main cause of fertility disorders. The determination of prolactin is utilized in the diagnosis of anovular cycles, hyperprolactinemic amenorrhea and galactorrhea, gynecomastia and azoo-spermia. Prolactin is also determined when breast cancer and pituitary tumors are suspected. As in this case, a pituitary tumour was suspected, hence the repeated prolactin results.

As was noted in another short case, our assay on the Roche platform does measure all forms of prolactin, and when a high result is obtained (above the gender-specific reference range) it is recommended to measure the recovery after PEG precipitation.

Roche Prolactin Package Insert (2013)Download

Clin-Biochem-Rev-2018_Prolactin-Biology-and-Lab
MeasurementDownload

Clin-Chem-2008-Macroprolactin-Reference Intervals-after-

<u>PEGDownload</u>

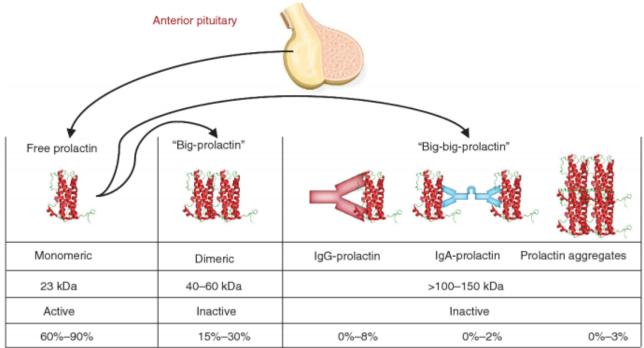


Figure 1. Structure of monomeric prolactin, "big-prolactin" and "big-big prolactin". Figure 1 adapted from reference 9 with permission.

Figure 1

Dr. John Stanfliet (pathologist at Pathcare) repied to the above case with very valuable comments:

■ We use Beckman Coulter DxI, an immunoassay that is not

- affected by macroprolactin (I've include an article that shows this).
- Even in prolactin secreting tumours, the correlation between tumour size and prolactin level is limited. MRI head remains a vital investigation.
- Some prolactin secreting tumours also secrete other pituitary hormones such as growth hormone.
- I would ascribe the reduction in PRL to the Carbegoline and wonder whether the dose has been increased.
- Dr. Pete Berman would often suggest a mixing study: find a sample with high PRL, mix it 50/50 with this sample, and measure it to see whether there is some interferant in this sample.

<u>The-Beckman-DxI-800-prolactin-assay-demonstrates-superior-specificity-for-monomeric-prolactinDownload</u>

Iron deficiency anemia with a twist

An unexpected high TSH in an adolescent near Christmas.